

THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1890.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
Of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
Of New York.

General Garfield's letter of acceptance will be made public on the 12th of July.

There are not enough men unemployed in Paradise Valley to harvest the hay crop.

There is no truth in the report of a call for an extra session of the New York Legislature.

It now seems probable that the vessel which fired into American schooners off the Cuban is a pirate.

If Garfield is such a fearfully bad man, as the Democrats try to think, why did those who know him best elect him to the exalted position of United States Senator, over the great Democratic pet, Thurman? Please explain.

Governor Perkins appointed J. L. Tharp, of San Francisco, to be Registrar of Voters for that city, vice Louis Kaplan. Mr. Tharp is a Republican, a member of the State Central Committee and was a Union soldier during the war.

The Attorney General decides that the President can make appointments to office during a recess of Congress, but the inference is drawn from his opinion that the appointee can draw no pay should the Senate refuse to confirm.

General Garfield left the army at the earnest solicitation of President Lincoln, who saw the need of his statesmanship and patriotism in Congress. Nor was the martyr President mistaken, for Garfield became a leader at once.

The Carson Tribune says Sharon is a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate. If such should prove to be the case the Nevadans ought to sit down on the California gentleman and spread him out thinner than gold foil. —[Pioche Record.]

The Enterprise aptly remarks that the Republicans find no fault with Hancock for any connection he may have with the hanging of Mrs. Surratt. They only laugh at the Democrats for taking him up as their presidential candidate, when only a few years ago, they were denouncing him as Mrs. Surratt's murderer and cursing him for a Lincoln hireling.

An Inter-Ocean Washington special says: Jorgensen of Virginia believes that three districts of that State can, with an active campaign be carried for the Republicans, in case the Readjusters and regular Democrats quarrel as they do now. It seems possible that the Republicans will have more than a fighting chance to carry the State.

The New York Post says: Weaver, the Greenback candidate for President, at a meeting of the Greenback Executive Committee Tuesday said he considered his chances of election good, and expected to carry Maine, California, Missouri, Tennessee, Texas, Mississippi, and perhaps Indiana. Senator Jones, of Nevada, was present at the meeting. Weaver expects to speak in every State in the Union.

A movement to put Minister Andrew D. White in nomination for Congress has been estopped by a letter from that gentleman in response to the urgencies of his friends. He recognizes the ability with which the New York Onondaga district has been represented by Mr. Frank Hancock and regrets that the practice of the latter's constituents is a precedent in favor of rapid rotation in the Congressional office. Under no circumstances can the Minister at Berlin be candidate for Congress at the coming election.

The largest celebration ever witnessed in the Rocky Mountains took place in Salt Lake Monday, fully 10,000 strangers from mining camps and other places participating. It was the first celebration given in nine years, or since the suppression of the Nauvoo Legion, a disloyal Mormon military organization. Addresses were delivered by Governor Murray and Parley Williams. The day's festivities were closed by a display of fireworks. No serious accidents occurred.

HANCOCK'S TEXAS LETTER.

Much is being said about General Hancock's famous letter to the Governor of Texas in relation to the use of troops for the protection of the lives and property of American citizens. The sum and substance of the whole matter is just this: When General Hancock was Military Governor of Louisiana and Texas the Republicans of those States, especially the poor black Republicans, who were just beginning to realize that they were free men, were being persecuted and outraged in a way that will forever stand in history as a disgrace to the civilization of the country and of the nineteenth century. They were being taken from their beds at night and whipped; their houses were being burned; they were being shot down on the public highways in broad daylight. The doors of the temples of justice were closed to them. The judges and juries of the courts of their States knew of no law for their protection. In this situation they sent up a cry, a loud, almost despairing cry to Hancock for protection. He had been brave and grand in battle; he still had troops at his command, he was thought to be a lover of his country and his kind, and these Republicans hoped that he would do something in their behalf—or that he would at least say something for them. In reply to their appeals General Hancock sat down in his easy chair, and wrote an eloquent letter, stating in substance that so far as he could see from the windows of his elegant apartments all was serene as a summer morning in Louisiana and Texas; that he saw no occasion for alarm and out cry, and that if there were occasion for it, he was not a lawyer and knew of no law by which the Federal Government could protect its citizens and right their wrongs; and closed by swearing in the name of all that was holy in heaven and earth, that the military was and must be subordinate to the civil power in the great sovereign States of Louisiana and Texas.

The whipping and the killing went on; the cries of bleeding men and outraged women continued to pierce the midnight air; the flames of their burning houses continued to lighten the midnight sky, and the Democratic party is to-day singing the praises of General Hancock as the author of that elegant and eloquent and patriotic letter.

GENERAL GARFIELD'S LETTERS.

The Cleveland Leader of June 30th publishes the following: "General Garfield is daily receiving a large number of letters from friends in all parts of the country, and though he has several secretaries and stenographers at his service, he is unable to answer all promptly. He wishes friends to understand that all letters requiring answers will receive attention as early as possible. He mailed 140 letters this afternoon."

CONFIRMING A DEAD DRUNK.—The Tuscarora Times-Review of Tuesday relates the following:

A promising youth of some twenty summers who had been celebrating the Republic's natal day by filling his hide with native whiskey of the lightning brand, fell by the wayside on Nob Hill about eight o'clock yesterday morning. A number of the charitable citizens of that locality, supposing that he had passed over to the silent majority, procured a coffin in which they tenderly laid the body and deposited the entire outfit in Rosebury's blacksmith shop where for several hours the temporarily departed was viewed by a large number of sorrowing friends. About noon the corpse resurrected and glancing at the surroundings, with a most unearthly yell leaped from its narrow bed and was last seen streaking it over the hill in the direction of the graveyard, probably with the intention of preempting a location for a prominent residence in the silent city of the dead.

The different lines of steamers that run from New York to railroads connecting with Boston have long carried on a "dollar" war. Now the railroad companies are going to shy their castors into the ring. The Boston & Albany and New York, New Haven & Hartford Companies will put on a train to compete with these dollar steamers. The train will leave later and arrive earlier than the boats, and the fare will be \$2. This is giving a railroad ride for less than a cent a mile.

The great number of icebergs which now impede ocean travel are causing many theories to spring up to account for the coolness coming south. The real reason is that Bennett's yacht has reached the North Pole and the crew are knocking off the ice, that has for centuries been accumulating around it, preparatory to removing it to New York.

The telegraph tells us that the great and good Tilden will conduct Hancock's campaign. Now look out for such expressions as this: "Bolivia bar! Peru tickle Sammy London hoopla ginger." Just what this may mean we would not undertake to say, but Tilden knows, for his nephew has had experience.

THE INTER-OCEANIC CANAL.

Nicaragua Concessions to the American Provisional Society—Terms and Duration of the Grant.

The full text of the inter-oceanic canal concession, granted by Nicaragua to the American Provisional Society, has been received in Washington. It is signed by Don Adam Cardenas, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Mr. A. G. Menocal, member and commissioner of the Provisional Society. The concession has been duly ratified by the Nicaraguan Senate and published as a law by the Republic. The Provisional Society under the terms of this concession, secures the exclusive privilege to construct a ship canal across the territory of Nicaragua. The canal is to be of sufficient dimensions to accommodate steamers of the largest class used between Europe and America and the locks are to be not less than five hundred feet long and twenty-eight feet deep. The concession is for ninety-nine years from the date of the opening of the canal for general traffic, and at the expiration of that period the Nicaraguan government is to take possession of the canal in perpetuity, with the right reserved to the company to lease it for another ninety-nine years. During the period of the concession the company is to have the privilege of constructing a railway along the whole or any part of the canal; also such telegraph lines as it deems necessary for the construction and working of the canal, and these lines shall transmit public messages free of charge. The government of Nicaragua will declare the terminal ports and the canal itself throughout its length to be neutral, and that the transit in case of war between other Powers and Nicaragua shall be uninterrupted. In general the canal shall be open to free navigation of all vessels, provided they pay the dues and observe the regulations of the company.

TROOPS AND WAR VESSELS TO BE EXCLUDED.

Troops of foreign nations and vessels of war will be allowed to pass through the canal under regulations of existing treaties; vessels of war belonging to other nations engaged in hostilities with Nicaragua or any other republic of Central America will be rigorously excluded. An effort will be made to secure a guarantee from all Powers of the neutrality of the canal and of a zone along it, and of the sea in the vicinity of the terminal ports where dimensions will be defined. This concession, with all its advantages and privileges, will appertain to a construction company, and is transferable only to the company which is to be organized by the Provisional Society, and in no case can it be transferred to a foreign government or Power. It is to be organized in the usual manner of such enterprises, with its principal office in New York or elsewhere, as it may deem most convenient. Its designation will be "The Nicaraguan Ship Canal Company." The company is to be allowed to bring immigrants to Nicaragua freely from all parts of the world, but it is required to bind itself not to interfere in questions which directly or indirectly may affect the public peace of Nicaragua and not to give protection to criminals or disturbers of the peace. It is exempt from every form of taxation during the period of this concession. The remainder of the document refers to routine matters. Captain Phelps, the President of the Provisional Society, is now in Europe for the purpose of arranging for an early commencement of the work.

STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The Virginia Chronicle of Wednesday evening says:

Yesterday the Nevada State Medical Society held their annual meeting at Odd Fellows' Hall, members from Reno and Genoa being present, besides those residing in this city and its immediate vicinity. The proceedings were very interesting and instructive, quite a number of valuable papers and reports being submitted and fully discussed. Several rare cases of uterine and ovarian tumors, with operations and specimens, were reported, and extensive papers on syphilis and erysipelas phlegmonosa contributed. The certificates of membership were received and proved to be works of lithographic art of high merit and elegant design. They will be issued to the members of the society in a few days. The society adjourned to meet in Carson on the first Monday of January, 1891, at which time it was resolved to hold public exercises, when the President will deliver his annual address.

A Paris special to the Herald says: Our Madrid correspondent telegraphs that Prince Demidoff has just lost at play in one night \$1,600,000. The winners were Bentini, Botolinsky and Count Schouvaloff. The game was baccarat and was played at the Yacht Club.

The impression is very general in San Francisco that Kearney has been permanently dethroned, and that the W. P. C. will split into factions and die away. Kearney's Greenback record will not do in the land of good gold and silver money.

If Hancock becomes President he will know that the department clerks march according to Hoyle, but this is hardly up to the standard of statesmanship required in the White House.

Adversity sometimes brings out the strong points in a man's character, but in the long run it doesn't pay. We move that adversity be abolished.

Garibaldi says that Italy is scourged by robbers, throttled by office-holders and kicked by taxpayers, and he predicts rebellion within ten years.

The man who drew a \$25,000 hotel in Wisconsin in a lottery the other day was at once asked to pay up a mortgage of \$30,000 on the property.

SAGEBRUSH POLITICS.

Viewed From the Golden State a Curious Jumble—The Coming Campaign, and Some of the Candidates, Etc., Etc.,

[Baby Hill Mining News.]

The Globe, San Francisco's new paper has an article on Nevada politics from which we make the annexed extract. The writer has evidently been given some "points," which he has jumbled in a masterly manner. He says:

"Hon. George W. Cassidy, who was nominated for Congress, is attending the (Cincinnati) convention, and when he returns will make a vigorous fight for election. His opponent will be Hon. R. M. Daggett, the present member of Congress. Though Mr. Daggett has made a good record since he went to Congress, his election will be a difficult matter to accomplish, owing, principally, to the fearful record and wholesale surrender of the last Republican Legislature to the railroad and politician, Cassidy has the advantage of Daggett by long odds, and no doubt will receive effective support from some of 'the powers that be' on the Comstock."

"All the old Democratic war-horses and defeated politicians of that party, have already put in their appearance, in the face of an expected sweeping victory for their party. Prominent among them as candidates for United States Senator are found the names of HON. A. M. HILLHOUSE, Of Eureka—who received a complimentary nomination against Hon. John P. Jones in 1879. The principal competitors for such honors will be Col. A. C. Ellis of Carson, who was twice defeated for Congress. Hon. Hank Mitchell, who has never lost his residence in Nevada, though he spends most of his time in California, will also be in the fight. Hillhouse, like Cassidy, however, has backing that in Nevada politics is a very potent element. Should the Republicans win the fight then

JUDGE TRITLE AND GENERAL CONNER,

The former of Virginia and the latter of Eureka, will enter the hustings. Both of these gentlemen will interest themselves in the coming struggle. Judge Tritle is one of the financially solid men of the Comstock, while General Conner's reputation and nationality, allied to the fact that he has been operating in mines successfully in Utah Territory—the scene of his former triumphs for the past two years, renders him a formidable factor in the desperate game for honor and fame. In the event of Conner's defeat for the United States Senatorship, he will be the Republican nominee for Governor against the deservedly popular Lieutenant Governor, Jewett W. Adams, on the Democratic side, or J. C. Hagerman, of Reno.

Senator Sharon, says the San Francisco Post, having purchased the interest of a majority of the Woodworth heirs to their portion of the land on which the Grand Hotel stands, and completed arrangements to vest in himself the legal title to the remainder, has virtually secured to himself the legal title to all of the Grand Hotel property. The Grand will therefore become a part of the Palace Hotel. It will be connected with the Palace by a bridge across New Montgomery street, seventy feet in length by eight in width, and elevated from the street a distance of thirty feet. The entire roof will be of glass, and the windows on either side of the bridge will correspond to the bay windows of the Palace Hotel. The bridge will be supported by two trussed girders four feet six inches high, and these trusses will be concealed by a galvanized iron cornice and paneled soffit. The floor of the bridge will be on a level with the second floor of the Palace, and the suite of rooms south of the "Blue parlor" will be changed into a passageway to connect with the main corridor. A massive fireproof iron door will shut off the Grand Hotel from the bridge, which will be completed by the 15th instant.

Charles Ledwell obtained a divorce from his wife at Jefferson, O., but at the end of a week went to her with a proposal of re-marriage. She struck him on the head with a club and fractured his skull.

THE NEVADA & OREGON ROAD.

Construction to Begin at Once—Dames of the Stockton Failure—Genoa Interested.

[Virginia Chronicle, 7th.]

President John S. Davis, of the Nevada & Oregon Narrow-Gauge Railroad, arrived in Virginia City to-day. Mr. Davis says the survey for the new road is progressing rapidly, the party going south from Reno having reached Carson, and the other party having advanced thirty-five miles northward. The projectors of the road are happily disappointed with the line, the surveyors having ascertained that the heaviest grade required in crossing the summit from Reno is only eighty feet to the mile for a distance of about eight miles. Through Long Valley there will be a stretch of nearly level track 100 miles in length, and from Long Valley to Oregon there will be no heavy grades. All the money for building the road has been subscribed, the bonds negotiated, and the work of grading will begin about the 1st of August. It is a sure thing that a narrow-gauge road will soon connect the Columbia and the Colorado, and the extension of branches throughout Nevada and to California will naturally follow. The citizens of Genoa are anxious to have the road pass through their town, and last Saturday evening they held a meeting to discuss the matter. As the line is being surveyed Genoa will be surveyed about fifteen miles from the track, which must injure the town greatly. The Genoaese understand this, and on Saturday last listened with interest to Mr. Davis, who was present at a meeting called by them. He explained to them that it would cost about \$125,000 more to deflect and take in Genoa than it would to run a straight line as surveyed, but if Genoa would agree to furnish that amount of money as a subsidy, or in some other shape, the company would no doubt make the change in the route. The local business of Genoa and the Carson valley, amounting to \$50,000 yearly, would pay the interest on the money and therefore the company could afford to make the change. In order to get an expression of opinion on the subject, Mr. Davis asked all those in favor of subscribing \$100,000 toward the building of the road to vote in the affirmative. The result was a unanimous vote in favor of the proposition. The interest manifested by the Genoaese is in marked contrast with the apathy of the citizens of Stockton, who recently allowed the project of a narrow-gauge to Nevada and Bodie to fall through. Mr. Davis says he advised the Stockton capitalists interested in the scheme to let it drop for the present, as the people of that city are not interested sufficiently and do not seem to care about benefiting themselves. They have been given an opportunity to build the road, but when the time comes there are four men ready to subscribe all the money without their assistance. The principal cause of the break in Stockton was personal bickerings.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL.

The WEEKLY JOURNAL, published every Saturday, will be furnished to those desiring it at 2.50 per year in advance. It will contain the local news of the week, a careful summary of the State, Pacific Coast and mining news, together with a variety of miscellaneous and editorial matter, containing more reading than any weekly paper ever published in the county. Those desiring to subscribe for the WEEKLY JOURNAL will please call at the publication office.

Advertising Medium.

The advertising columns of the JOURNAL afford an excellent opportunity to our readers to study out where purchases of all kinds can be made on the most advantageous terms. All classes of goods can there be found advertised from a suit of clothes or nice silk dress to the daintiest ornament in the jewelry line. The JOURNAL reaches nearly every family as well as business houses in the county, and, therefore, advertisers seek its columns that the public may know what they have for sale.

How IT IS DONE.—The first object in life with the American people is to get rich; the second, how to regain good health. The first can be obtained by energy, honesty and saving; the second, (good health,) by using Green's August Flower. Should you be a dependent suffer from any of the effects of dyspepsia, liver complaint, indigestion, &c., such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual constiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c., you need not suffer another day. Two doses of August Flower will relieve you at once. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Positively sold by all first-class Druggists.

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In Higher English \$6 Per Month. In Music the charge will be \$5 per month to pupils who do not practice at the school.

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NOTICE.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court of the State of Nevada, in and for Washoe county. In the matter of the estate of Samuel M. Jones, deceased. Hon. Charles A. Adair, Administrator of the estate of Samuel M. Jones, deceased, having filed in this Court her petition for an order for the sale of certain real estate of the above entitled estate, it is the order of the Court that all persons interested in said estate are hereby directed to appear before the above entitled Court on Monday, the sixth day of September, 1890, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, to show cause if any they have, why an order of the Court should not be granted to said administrator, to sell as much of said real estate as shall be necessary.

S. O. KING, District Judge.

Reno, Nevada, July 1st, 1890.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT of the State of Nevada, in and for Washoe county.

In the matter of the estate of S. J. Oakes, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Administrator of the estate of S. J. Oakes, deceased, to all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within a month after the date of publication of this notice, to said Administrator, at the law office of Hayden & Queen, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada.

ROSA OAKES, Administrator.

Dated July 1, 1890.

RENEVOLENT SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F.
TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 14
Independent Order of Odd Fellows

meeting at their Hall, east side of Virginia street, Reno, every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing, are cordially invited to attend.
R. W. ASH, N. G.
A. L. HURD, Secretary.

meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over the Congregational Church, every Thursday evening. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

J. M. FAN, G. N. N. G.
G. G. EMOORE, Secretary.

C. A. R.

McPHERSON PORT, NO. 12, G. A. R., meets the first Monday in every month, in Odd Fellows' Hall over Congregational Church. Nojourning comrades cordially invited to attend.

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JOHN F. LOHMEYER, Secretary.
dec17-17

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